FOURTH SUPPLEMENT TO MAYORAL PROCLAMATION DECLARING THE EXISTENCE OF A LOCAL EMERGENCY DATED FEBRUARY 25, 2020

WHEREAS, California Government Code Sections 8550 et seq., San Francisco Charter Section 3.100(14) and Chapter 7 of the San Francisco Administrative Code empower the Mayor to proclaim the existence of a local emergency, subject to concurrence by the Board of Supervisors as provided in the Charter, in the case of an emergency threatening the lives, property or welfare of the City and County or its citizens; and

WHEREAS, On February 25, 2020, the Mayor issued a Proclamation (the “Proclamation”) declaring a local emergency to exist in connection with the imminent spread within the City of a novel (new) coronavirus (“COVID-19”); and

WHEREAS, On March 3, 2020, the Board of Supervisors concurred in the Proclamation and in the actions taken by the Mayor to meet the emergency; and

WHEREAS, On March 4, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom proclaimed a state of emergency to exist within the State due to the threat posed by COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, On March 6, 2020, the Local Health Officer declared a local health emergency under Section 101080 of the California Health and Safety Code, and the Board of Supervisors concurred in that declaration on March 10, 2020; and

WHEREAS, On March 6, 2020, the City issued public health guidance to encourage social distancing to disrupt the spread of COVID-19 and protect community health; and

WHEREAS, On March 7, 2020, the Local Health Officer ordered certain City facilities not to hold non-essential group events of more than 50 people for the two weeks from the date of the order and prohibited visitors from Laguna Honda Hospital; and

WHEREAS, On March 7, 2020, the Department of Human Resources issued guidance to minimize COVID-19 exposure risk for City employees who provide essential services to the local community, in particular during the current local emergency; and

WHEREAS, On March 11, 2020, March 13, 2020, and March 17, 2020, the Mayor issued supplements to the Proclamation, ordering additional measures to respond to the emergency; and
WHEREAS, On March 16, 2020, the Local Health Officer issued an order requiring most people to remain at home subject to certain exceptions including obtaining essential goods such as food and necessary supplies, and requiring the closure of non-essential businesses, through April 7, 2020; and

WHEREAS, On March 16, 2020, the Governor issued Executive Order N-28-20, finding that it is necessary to promote stability among commercial tenancies to further public health and mitigate the economic pressures of the emergency, and waiving certain provisions of state law so that local jurisdictions may achieve these purposes; and

WHEREAS, There are currently 51 confirmed cases of COVID-19 within the City, more than 850 confirmed cases in California, and there have been 15 COVID-19-related deaths in California; and

WHEREAS, COVID-19 is causing and is expected to continue to cause abrupt serious negative impacts on the local economy and abrupt serious negative financial impacts to local businesses, including, but not limited to, reductions in income due to lower customer demand or forced closures; and

WHEREAS, These abrupt serious negative impacts will irreparably harm local businesses and the residents they employ, and will jeopardize public health; and

WHEREAS, It is in the public interest to take immediate steps to ensure that local businesses can continue to operate, either as essential businesses now under the shelter in place order or after the restrictions in the shelter in place order are lifted; and

WHEREAS, The Mayor proclaims that the conditions of extreme peril exist and continue to warrant and necessitate the existence of a local emergency,

NOW, THEREFORE,

I, London N. Breed, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco, proclaim that there continues to exist an emergency within the City and County threatening the lives, property or welfare of the City and County and its citizens;

In addition to the measures outlined in the Proclamation, in the March 11, 2020 Supplement to the Proclamation, the March 13, 2020 Second Supplement to the
Proclamation, and the March 17, 2020 Third Supplement to the Proclamation, it is further ordered that:

A temporary moratorium on eviction for non-payment of rent by commercial tenants directly impacted by the COVID-19 crisis is imposed as follows:

(a) This Order applies only to commercial tenants registered to do business in San Francisco under Article 12 of the Business and Tax Regulations Code with 2019 combined worldwide gross receipts for tax year 2019 for purposes of Article 12-A-1 of the Business and Taxation Code equal to or below $25 million. This figure shall be prorated in the case of businesses that were not operating for the entire 2019 tax year.

(b) If a covered commercial tenant fails to make a rent payment that was due on or after March 17, 2020, then the landlord may not recover possession of the unit due to the missed or delayed payment, without first providing the tenant written notice of the violation and an opportunity to cure the violation, as set forth in subsection (c).

(c) The written notice from the landlord required under subsection (b) shall specify a cure period of at least one month from the date the tenant receives the notice, but landlords are encouraged to offer a longer period. Upon receipt of the notice, the tenant shall have the full cure period to either (1) pay the rent, or (2) provide documentation to the landlord showing that the tenant is unable to pay the rent due to a financial impact related to COVID-19. For purposes of this Order, the term “financial impact” means a substantial decrease in business income due to illness or other disruption, reduced open hours or reduced consumer demand, or temporary closure of the business, including temporary closure required to comply with restrictions or in response to restrictions under the shelter in place or other orders of the Health Officer. A financial impact is “related to COVID-19” if caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, or by any local, state, or federal government response to COVID-19.

(d) If the tenant provides the landlord documentation of the tenant’s inability to pay rent due to a financial impact related to COVID-19, then the cure period shall be extended by one month, so that the landlord and tenant can discuss the matter in good faith and attempt to develop a payment plan for the tenant to pay the missed rent. If the landlord and tenant cannot agree to a payment plan, then the tenant shall, on or before the new date that the cure period will expire, at the one-month mark, either (1) pay the rent, or (2) provide additional documentation of its continuing inability to pay due to a
financial impact related to COVID-19, in which case the cure period shall extend by one more month. Thereafter, the tenant may obtain additional monthly extensions of the cure period by providing updated documentation each month, but under no circumstances shall the landlord be prohibited from evicting for non-payment for more than six months after the date the rent was originally due. If the tenant has not paid all outstanding rent at the end of the applicable cure period, then the landlord may proceed with the eviction for non-payment.

(e) Nothing in this Order relieves a tenant of the obligation to pay rent, nor restrict a landlord’s ability to recover the rent due through means other than an eviction for non-payment.

(f) This Order will last for a period of 30 days, until the Proclamation of Local Emergency is terminated, or upon further Order from the Mayor, whichever occurs sooner. The cure period requirements of subsections (c) and (d) shall survive the expiration or termination of this Order for any missed rent payment that occurred prior to the expiration or termination of the Order. The Mayor may extend this Order by an additional period of 30 days if emergency conditions at that time warrant extension. The Mayor shall provide notice of the extension through an Executive Order posted on the Mayor’s website and delivered to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.

(g) The Office of Economic and Workforce Development (“OEWD”) is delegated authority to adopt regulations and to develop and publish guidelines consistent with this Order, including forms and recommendations of the types of documentation that may show financial impacts related to COVID-19. OEWD shall also have the authority to grant waivers from this Order to landlords who can demonstrate that being unable to evict would cause them a significant financial hardship (for example, default on debt or similar enforceable obligation).

DATED: March 18, 2020

London N. Breed
Mayor of San Francisco